

FREE PRESS.

ISAAC H. JULIAN, - - Editor
SAN MARCOS, TEXAS.

THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1885.

[ENTERED AT THE POST OFFICE AT SAN MARCOS, TEXAS, AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.]

All Communications for the Free Press should be sent to the Editor on Monday to ensure insertion the same week, and all advertisements and business notices not later than Wednesday noon.

For every communication published, unless the writer's real name accompanies it, not for publication unless desired; but for our own benefit and protection.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The Free Press is a leading local newspaper, the best advertising medium and has the best printing office between Austin and San Antonio. It circulates considerable North as well as South. A live paper, devoted to the development and progress of the country. Referring to the country, it is a growing town of some 2000 inhabitants, it is situated on the International and Great Northern Railroad, running from St. Louis via Austin, the capital of the State, and San Antonio, her largest city, into Mexico. San Marcos is thirty miles from Austin and fifty miles from San Antonio. It is noted for its religious and educational privileges, and as the center of a splendid agricultural and stock country and excellent community; also for the celebrated springs, half a mile above, which boil up from the bowels of the earth at the foot of the mountains, forming the San Marcos river, and constituting at once a great natural curiosity, and inexhaustible water power. It already has water-works, an ice-factory, several mills, etc.

The Free Press has been published by its present proprietor for over eleven years. It is well established, and gaining steadily in public favor. Special attention is called to the character of its circulation. It goes among the best class of well-to-do farmers and business men. In this respect it has no superiors in the State. See table of advertising rates on first page.

The Free Press also has all the requisite facilities for doing all kinds of Job Printing in the best modern styles, at Austin, San Antonio and Galveston prices. Call and see samples. Prompt attention given to orders from a distance.

El Mahdi is dead.

Gen. Hancock has charge of the Grant funeral obsequies. They are to be national in their character.

Extreme hot weather is reported at the North, the mercury rising from 100 deg. upward.

The honors paid Gen. Grant, South as well as North, it would seem would still further cement the restored Union.

Judging from a notice in his last paper, "Item George", of Huntsville, aspires to be a "jokist", on very little, if any, foundation.

Dr. Samuel Ireneus Prime, senior editor of the New York Observer, died recently from paralysis, aged 73 years.

The Houston Post recently suffered a strike of its printers, since which it has disappeared from our table. We hope the strike was not fatal, though it would seem from our point of view to have been so.

A committee has already been appointed to raise funds for a national monument to General Grant, and it embraces in the list the names of many of the most prominent men of the Union.

Last winter the question of building the capitol of granite was submitted to the legislature. If necessary then, the question naturally arises, how could the capitol board now pass upon it without legislative authority? Who can answer?

The President, on the advice of Gen. Sheridan, has ordered all cattle-men to remove their herds from the Indian Territory within forty days. The order has created great excitement and dissatisfaction among the cattlemen. It is held to be indispensable to carry it out, in order to prevent trouble with the Indians.

A correspondent of John Swinton's paper, the organ of the labor unions, call attention to the claim of the brewers that they give employment to 500,000 men, and says: "Think of this, workingmen! Half a million men employed in destroying food, in rotting grain, etc., turning it into poison that makes men fiends, wives widows, children orphans, the industrious lazy, the intelligent numskulls, and sends women and children to work in place of men, thus filling the land with tramps and loafers for the workers to support. If it is true that everyone who produces nothing beneficial to society is no better than a pauper, . . . then all labor employed making, handling or selling such drinks is labor wasted, and people so employed are paupers and makers of paupers."

The brewers, distillers, liquor wine and beer dealers, are among the worst enemies of working men: the temperance people are their friends. The former rob them of their health, happiness and life. The latter want to see every man, woman and child well housed and fed. The objects of temperance are the abolition of poverty, crime, disease and premature death.

A bullet travels a mile in three and two tenths seconds.

Death of General Grant.

General Grant died on the morning of the 23d. He had been visibly sinking for some days. He died peacefully, surrounded by his family. His body was embalmed, and great preparations are being made for a most imposing funeral. His body will remain in the cottage where he died till August 4th. There will be a private funeral prior to that time, and then the public one will commence. Various public places were tendered for his last resting-place, but the preference has been given by his family to Central Park, New York. He made only one condition, viz.: that the remains of his wife should be allowed to rest beside his own. The selection of so public a place, a mere place of amusement, and not of a National character, is generally and severely condemned as being grossly inappropriate. It however is rather characteristic of the family to be influenced by show. P.S. Riverside, another park of New York city, has been selected instead of Central Park.

A few words only are sufficient to characterize Gen. Grant. As a military commander, decided natural talent conspired about equally with favoring circumstances—men and money at will, and an enemy demoralized and tending rapidly toward dissolution—to insure success, and to establish immortal renown in being permitted to terminate gloriously a war for the salvation of the American Union and the hopes of liberty throughout the world.

So much must be conceded. But impartial history will record that outside of his military career he was a signal failure. Before the war, he had sunk into obscurity, having failed in the ordinary avocations of life. As President of the United States he was largely a failure, and his second term especially one of the most disgraceful in our history. And since his retirement from the presidency, the old story of business incompetency has continued to be repeated. The apparent absence of a high standard of morals in his composition, his countrymen seem to have condoned in view of his distinguished and patriotic military services.

It should be added, that the manner in which he bore himself during the very painful trials of the closing months of his life, and the heroism with which he set himself, under those conditions, to complete his book of Personal Memoirs, revived the sympathy and admiration for his character, and showed him greater in adversity than in the height of prosperity and power; while the magnanimity which he showed toward a gallant conqueror foe in the hour of victory was at the last fully crowned by the spirit of fraternity toward all the people of the South, and of Christian charity towards all mankind.

The following is from a leading congressman who has been very successful in securing appointments for his district:

Where it is a local office, strictly local, the departments always make the appointments asked by the congressman, unless there is something to suggest that there should be an inquiry back of his recommendations. I know that more than one postmaster has been appointed at my request without the petitions and papers of the applicant being looked at.

Speaking of the solution of the Capitol controversy, the Fort Worth Gazette, with a fairness as rare as it is creditable, says:

The general opinion is that Col. Taylor, on the part of the syndicate representing millions, has acted on the square, and in making many concessions, done the fair thing by the state. The heads of departments, throughout the discussion of the new propositions, have evidently acted with an eye single to the best interests of Texas, with a vision extending beyond the present.

ST. LOUIS LETTER.

ST. LOUIS, July 22, 1885.
ED. FREE PRESS:—The appalling heat that has prevailed here for the last five days has caused great suffering and sickness in St. Louis. The number of sunstrokes exceeds any known here for many years. Your correspondent knows of twenty burial certificates granted yesterday by the board of health where the cause of death was the hot weather.

Business is next to nothing, and a great many people are hurrying out of the city.

The people of St. Louis boasted loudly of their granite paving, and it does make a durable and beautiful street, but the noise of passing vehicles upon it is absolutely intolerable.

Your correspondent has been very ill for the past week, and is now prostrated with the heat, and tired of work. Will leave this afternoon for some cool spot up toward the Lakes.

CARL SEYLER.

Jay Gould wears a white plug hat.

Honors to Grant.

The announcement of the death of General Grant was received with every token of grief throughout the land. We copy or summarize a few of these testimonials:

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Shortly after 8 o'clock this morning the President was informed of the death of General Grant. He immediately directed that the flag on the White House should be placed at half-mast. The lowering of the flag was the first intimation that the citizens of Washington had of the death of the distinguished man, although they had been anticipating it throughout the night.

A few minutes after the White House flag was placed at half-mast, the flags on all the public buildings, and on many private ones, were placed in like position. The bells of the city were tolled, and citizens who heard them readily recognized their meaning. Business men immediately began draping their houses with mourning, and residences in similar manner showed esteem for the deceased. While the bells tolled, president Cleveland sent the following dispatch to Mrs. Grant, at Mount McGregor:

"Accept this expression of my heartfelt sympathy in this hour of your great affliction. The people of the Nation mourn with you, and would reach, if they could, with kindly comfort, the depths of the sorrow which is yours alone, and which only the pity of God can heal."

The following proclamation was afterward issued by the president:

The President of the United States has just received the sad tidings of the death of that illustrious citizen and ex-President of the United States, General Ulysses S. Grant, at Mt. McGregor, in the state of New York, to which place he had lately been removed in the endeavor to prolong his life.

In making this announcement to the people of the United States, the President is impressed with the magnitude of the public loss of a great military leader, who was in the hour of victory magnanimous, amid disaster serene and self-possessed, who in every station, whether as a soldier or as a Chief Magistrate, twice called to power by his fellow-countrymen, trod unswervingly the pathway of duty, undecayed by doubts, single-minded and straightforward. The entire country has witnessed with deep emotion his prolonged and patient struggle with painful disease, and has watched by his couch of suffering with tender sympathy. The destined end has come at last, and his spirit has returned to the Creator who sent it forth. The great heart of the Nation that followed him when living with love and faith, boys now in sorrow above him, and tenderly mindful of his virtues, his great patriotic services, and of the loss occasioned by his death.

In testimony of respect to the memory of General Grant, it is ordered that the Executive Mansion and the several Departments of the Government be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, and that all public business shall on the day of the funeral be suspended; and the Secretaries of War and of the Navy will cause orders to be issued for appropriate military and naval honors to be rendered on that day.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington, this twenty-third day of July, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and tenth.

[Signed] Grover Cleveland, President.

T. F. BAYARD, Sec'y of State.

Remarkable Posthumous Letter of General Grant.

Mr. McGREGOR, July 25.—While in conversation to-day with the correspondent of the Associated Press, Dr. Douglas very kindly read to the writer the following remarkable document, which was written by General Grant in Dr. Douglas' presence on Thursday, July 2:

I ask you not to show this to anyone, unless the physicians you consult with, until the end. Particularly, I want it kept from my family. If known to one man, the papers will get it, and they (the family) will get it. It would only distress them, almost beyond endurance, to know it, and by reflex would distress me. I have not changed my mind since I wrote you before in the same strain. Now, however, I know that I gain strength some days, but when I do go back, it is beyond where I started to improve. I think the chances are very decidedly in favor of your being able to keep me alive until the change of weather, towards winter. Of course contingencies might arise at any time that would carry me off very suddenly. The most probable of these is cholera. Under the circumstances, life is not worth living. I am very thankful for [thankful, glad was written, but scratched, and thankful substituted] to have been saved this long, because it has enabled me to practically complete the work in which I take so much interest. I cannot stir up strength to review it and make additions and subtracts that would suggest themselves to me, and are not likely to suggest themselves to anyone else. Under the above circumstances, I will be happiest the most pain I can avoid. If there is to be any extraordinary cure, such as some people believe there is to be, it will develop itself. I would say, therefore, to you and your colleagues, to make me as comfortable as you can. If it is within God's providence that I should go now, I am ready to obey His call without a murmur. I should prefer to go now to enduring my present suffering for a single day without hope of recovery.

As I have stated, I am thankful for the presidential extension of my time, to enable me to continue my work. I am further thankful because it has enabled me to see for myself the happy harmony which so suddenly sprang up between those engaged, but a few short years ago, in deadly conflict. It has been an inestimable blessing to me to hear the kind expressions towards me in persons from all parts of our country, from people of all nationalities, of all religions, and no religion; of confederates and of national troops alike; of soldiers, organizations, of mechanical, scientific, religious and other societies, embracing almost every citizen in the land. They have brought

joy to my heart, if they have not effected a cure. So to you and your colleagues I acknowledge my indebtedness for having brought me thro' the Valley of the Shadow of Death to witness these things. U. S. GRANT.
Mt. McGregor, N. Y., July 2, '85.

The Baptist Association.

The San Marcos Valley Baptist Association convened at this place on Friday morning last, and organized by the selection of B. T. Palmer, of Lockhart, as Moderator and R. J. Parsons, of Luling, Clerk.

The following is a list of the delegates in attendance, for which we are indebted to the clerk. It will be seen that the Association embraces the counties of Hays, Caldwell, Guadalupe, Bastrop and Gonzales: Belmont Church—B. F. Dixon, J. F. Williams; Brushy Creek—J. R. Lynch, T. J. Potts, W. H. Green, E. L. Potts; Clear Fork—J. C. Lewis; DuPre—N. Thompson, W. A. Hancock, Mack Lawson; Hill Prairie—J. H. Croft, C. Smith, W. A. Young; Kyle—M. T. Martin, D. A. Porter, R. J. Sledge, B. M. Hubbard, S. C. Glascock; Luling Isaac Sellers—S. C. Orchard, Low Bassett, T. H. Brown, J. M. Keith, R. A. Lawler, G. B. Harris, R. J. Parsons, W. T. Prince; Lockhart—B. T. Palmer, S. C. Hall, J. B. Sublett, D. H. Palmer; Live Oak—J. S. D. Armstrong, E. G. Horn, J. W. Armstrong; Lytton Springs—A. J. Rife, C. L. Palmer, M. F. Robinson, T. Harris; Martindale—J. M. Andrews, L. M. Hargess, M. McKay, J. W. Horton, H. C. Womack; Macedonia (just organized)—J. A. Nichols, G. W. Nichols, W. F. Delany; New Harmony—H. W. Dixon, S. Jenkins, C. B. Black; Plum Creek—S. O. B. Jolly, J. M. Jolly, L. C. Rogers; Plum Creek Academy—W. S. Brown, W. S. Allen, J. H. Jolly; Red Rock—L. M. Barnard, J. A. Cox, L. Shackelford; Science Hall—J. F. Hillier, E. M. Black, Seguin—T. J. Dodson, W. P. H. Douglas; San Marcos, L. D. Jackson, J. J. Barbee, E. DeStieger, F. M. Grainger, Mrs. M. Barber, Perrie Lee, E. Roberts, H. M. Daugherty, W. M. McKinney; Union Church—C. J. Barnett; Woodlawn—W. C. Simmons, J. W. Simmons; Willow Springs—J. D. Campbell, R. F. Lee, G. Booth.

In 24 churches and 77 delegates, with Bastrop and Hemphill not represented. Luling church has the largest membership, amounting to 274. Kyle has 140. The meetings of the Association were of a business character, relating largely to reports from the various churches concerning missions, Sunday schools, etc. We were present for a while on Friday afternoon, and were well entertained. The members of the association generally appeared to us to be a solid, earnest body of men. The discussion while we were present developed some noteworthy features. The question of putting missionaries in the field was before the house. The committee on the colored people reported in favor of putting a missionary of their own color among them. This was opposed, mainly on the ground that the means were wanting to do so. W. G. Robinson, a delegate from Lytton Springs, however, took different ground, said he had no faith in negro religion, and more than intimated that they had no souls. He was appropriately rebuked by the venerable Mr. Hillier. He said, in substance, the negroes had souls to save or lose, that they are already a power in the land, and destined to be still greater, so that the church could not afford to ignore them; that, whether regarded as to the past, present or future, they were of more importance to Texas as subjects for missionary work than the Chinese—he might well have said than all other foreign peoples combined.

It was finally settled that the white missionaries should spend as much time as they could spare with the colored people. Rev. Mr. Maxwell, superintendent of Sunday school work, made several interesting addresses on that subject. Rev. M. T. Martin preached on Friday night. Sunday morning the pulpits of the different churches were filled by Baptist ministers, Rev. Mr. Maxwell preaching in the Baptist church, Rev. F. H. Storts in the Presbyterian, Rev. Mr. Hillier in the Methodist, and Rev. T. Dodson in the Christian church. At night the Rev. T. Dodson preached in the Methodist church, and Rev. W. M. Jordan in the Baptist church.

The sermon of Rev. Mr. Hillier was on the Ministry of the Angels, and was very interesting. We may have more to say of it hereafter.

The next meeting of the association will be held at Brushy Creek church, near Kingsbury, Guadalupe county, Texas, one year hence.

The American nation has a double birthright—liberty and land. Its liberty it has guarded jealously, but until very recent years it seems to have been indifferent to the loss of its landed estate, and ignorant of the methods by which it has been diminished. A veteran legislator, the Hon. Geo. W. Julian, who has given special attention to the acts disposing of our public lands, tells the story in brief in a contribution to the North American Review for August. In the same number five medical authorities discuss the question, "Can Cholera be Averted?" Felix L. Oswald contributes a suggestive article on "The Animal Soul"; and the Rev. M. J. Savage, in "A Profane View of the Sanctum", brings an indictment against the daily press. The other articles are one on "The Price of Gas", by Chas. H. Botsford, one on "Temperance Reform Statistics", by Prof. W. J. Beecher, and the chapter of "Comments", by various writers on articles in previous numbers.

It is stated by a practical New York book publisher who has been in Washington lately, that Miss Cleveland's share of the profits from the sale of her book will very probably range from \$10,000 to \$50,000. He says the cost of printing, stereotyping and binding was about 50 cents per copy, and she will receive about 60 cents for each copy sold, the firm publishing it agreeing to advertise it liberally.

Mark the school fund apportionment for Texas: \$5 20 per capita! Only by gross mismanagement can such a fund fail to provide good school facilities, save in the very sparsely settled districts. With that fund and poor schools, the people themselves will be to blame—S. A. Express.

Much for Little.

In this age when the events of yesterday in all parts of the world are found in today's paper; when tidings of a battle in Egypt or China are flashed across seas and laid at our door before its smoke is dissipated, it is necessary for well informed people to have access to reliable maps. Not all can afford the heavy library atlases, and even they are often found untrustworthy unless a new copy is purchased as often as revised.

If you want an atlas, small enough for general use, full enough for nearly every purpose, critically accurate and up to date, we recommend the new Handy Atlas of the World, published by Messrs. Iverson, Blake-man, Taylor & Co., 753 and 755 Broadway, New York, which is both a credit to them and to the American press. It is bound in flexible cloth, contains beautifully colored maps showing standard time, the railways of the United States recent polar expeditions, Central Africa as explored by Stanley, the seat of the Egyptian war, Bible Lands, and our principal cities. If your bookseller does not have this excellent work, send fifty cents direct to the publishers and receive it by return mail.

Among the cases disposed of in the county court this week were the following: Frank Buck, theft of property, was fined \$50 and sent to the county jail for 30 days; Pat Murray, two charges, drunkenness and assault, fined \$5 in each case; Will Houston, aggravated assault, two cases, fined \$25 on each charge; Will Nance, charge theft, fined \$5 and sent to jail for five days.

We have still on hand several copies of our extra containing a description of San Marcos and Hays county, much the fullest, and we believe conceded to be the best and most truthful matter of the kind which has yet appeared. Just the thing to send to answer inquiries from abroad. Single copies five cents.

Real Estate Transfers.

From our last report to the 29th inst.:

James H. Combs to Jim Brown, 10 acres of the Hyda Glasgow survey \$400.
L. D. Cunningham to R. E. Carrington, east half of lot 18 Chandler's addition, DuPre, \$250.

A. J. Spann to Alfred H. Lock 70 acres S. Hinton league, \$1050.
J. H. Combs and Z. T. Clift to A. J. Coveley and W. J. Curry, lots 5 and 6 in block 8 San Marcos, \$450.

James M. Black to C. S. Cook undivided half interest in three-fifths interest in 25 feet of lot 6, block 8, San Marcos, \$800.
B. Oppenheimer and Mrs. Helen Michel, executrix of estate of Alexander Michel, of Texas co., to C. S. Cook, 3 interest in 3-5 interest in 25 feet of south side lot 6 block 8 San Marcos, \$600.

W. D. Wood to E. W. Kyle lot 8 and parts of lots 7 and 9 Colfield's addition San Marcos, \$945.
L. W. Mitchell and wife and wife to Richard Hayward 42 acres, parts of farm lots 16 and 17, San Marcos, \$300.

Conrad Moore and R. A. Moore to J. S. Malone, the following lands in Hays Co. 155 1/2 acres, parts of Wm. Ward, Z. Hinton, John Pharis and Fred Steussy grants.

Nicholas, John B., Herbert and Thos. E. Thompson to H. E. Barber, part of C. D. Gervais league, \$108.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at San Marcos, Texas, for the week ending July 27, 1885:

Alarado, Basilio Krahe, Heinrich Alcarde, Juan Leon, Gerardo G. Crawford, Mrs. Lizzie Roberts, Juan R. Cook, Mrs. Dakye Martinez, Juan Dixon, Dr. L. Martinez, Juan Delahou, Clara Munoz, Manuel Harra, Mateo Munoz, Teodoro Rodriguez, Lasoro.

Persons calling for the above letters will please say advertised, giving date.

ALBERT HEATON, P. M.

Marriage Licenses.

Issued since our last report to the 29th inst. Alberto Ribas to Francisca Castia. Andrew Gallilee to Mrs. Helene Sanders. John Lawrence to Mary Bailey.

JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a Bottle. Direct from the Manufacturer, THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., (Incorporated in U. S. A.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

THE TEXAS BAPTIST.
S. A. Hayden, S. J. Anderson, Editors and Proprietors.
A WEEKLY eight-page paper published in Dallas, Texas, folded and passed in the latest style. Devoted to the Unification of the Baptists of Texas.
It is unnecessary in its defense of the Baptist (White) faith and is aiming to restore harmony to our Texas Baptist Zion, in the spirit of the Saviour's prayer, "that they may all be one, even as He and His Father are one."
1 year \$1.00
6 months50
3 months25
On trial three months 50
Address,
Hayden & Anderson, Dallas, Texas.
If Try it three months at 50c. Stamps of any denomination received. 11/30/85.

CITATION.
THE STATE OF TEXAS,
COUNTY OF HAYS.
The State of Texas to the Sheriff or any Constable of Hays County, Texas, Greeting:
Whereas, S. L. Pegues has filed an account in my office against James Bradford, for the sum of \$29 25 for suit, and has filed an affidavit that the said defendant, James Bradford, is not a resident of the State of Texas. You are therefore commanded to summon by publication for four consecutive weeks in the San Marcos Free Press, a newspaper published in the town of San Marcos, James Bradford to appear in the town of San Marcos, in Hays county, Texas, on the last Monday in August, 1885, at 10 o'clock A. M., to answer the complaint of S. L. Pegues in a plea of debt on an open account, for the sum of thirty-nine dollars and twenty-five cents and defend the same. Return said out of this writ make due return as the law requires.
Given under my hand July 29, 1885.
J. C. COCK, Justice Peace, Hays Co., Texas.
Jy 30 85

AYER'S Ague Cure

contains an antidote for all malarial disorders which, so far as known, is used in no other remedy. It contains no Quinine, nor any mineral or deleterious substance whatever, and consequently produces no injurious effect upon the constitution, but leaves the system as healthy as it was before the attack.

WE WARRANT AYER'S AGUE CURE to cure every case of Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chills, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint caused by malaria. In case of failure, after due trial, dealers are authorized, by our circular dated July 1st, 1885, to refund the money.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

BUSINESS REVIVAL.

All engaged in the Grocery Trade or handling Cotton are kindly solicited to give me a share of their patronage this season.

Courteous treatment and first-class Goods, fair prices and liberal terms, are the inducements held out to my customers.

Cotton Shippers can expect the most painstaking attention and judicious handling of their Cotton. I believe it is now admitted that my Cotton Department is perhaps the best equipped the South.

WM. D. CLEVELAND,
Houston.

R. FROMME,
DRUGGIST & CHEMIST,
San Marcos, Texas.

Prescriptions carefully filled day and night. CONSTANTLY ON HAND. A full line of pure fresh Drugs and Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Oils, Paints, Brushes, etc., etc.

Isaac H. Julian,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
—AND—
GENERAL AGENT,
SAN MARCOS, - - TEXAS.
Letters rogatory accompanied by a stamp for reply, will receive prompt attention.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
All Persons desiring to Receive
ICE
will please call at our Feed Store and make arrangements by purchasing Tickets or otherwise. Tickets may also be purchased of our driver.

STEELE & CODE,
San Marcos Ice Factory.
pr1234f

OLD NEWSPAPERS, for wrapping paper, 25c p 100, at this office.

MOSQUITOES Agents Wanted to sell the magic Mosquito Cure, gives instant relief, and drives them away. Address: SALLADE & CO., 8 Canal St., New York.

BURNHAM'S IMPROVED STANDARD TURBINE is the BEST constructed and finished Turbine in the world. It gives better percentage with part or full gate, and is sold for less money per Horse Power than any other Turbine. Pamphlet Free by BURNHAM BROS., YORK, PA.

MARTIN HINZIE,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCER,
Dealer in

STOVES
HARDWARE, Etc.,

SAN MARCOS, - - TEXAS.
SOUTHEAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE. feb 13y

ED. CHRISTIAN & CO.
SAN MARCOS, TEX.
Dealers in All Kinds of

LUMBER!
SHINGLES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS;
White Pine Weatherboarding,
White Pine Beaded Ceiling.

EVERYTHING IN THEIR LINE ALWAYS ON HAND.
Lumber Dressed to Order. All Orders Promptly Filled.
OFFICE AND YARD Near the Railroad Depot.

J. E. Morris,
Manufacturer of

Wagons, Carriages, Etc.

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING,
Dealer in

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
SAN MARCOS, TEXAS.

All kinds of Carriage Painting.
FARMERS, call and examine the

Celebrated Jackson Harrow
And "BOSS" Planter.
Work done as cheap as at any shop in San Marcos. feb124f

COTTON SEED WANTED
Representing the Howard Oil Company of Palestine, I will pay the Highest Market Price for all Cotton Seed delivered at this place during the season. Sacks furnished where necessary.

MARTIN HINZIE,
San Marcos, June 18, '85.

MUSIC.
A New Stock of
ORGANS
Just received direct from Manufacturers at Prices and on terms to suit everybody.

WILL TRADE AN ORGAN FOR COWS OR HORSES.
Call and see the goods and get prices. All kinds of Organs

TUNED AND REPAIRED.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
—S. P. CHASTAIN—
Coffield Place, San Marcos, Texas.
apr 16tf.

W. H. ROBBINS,
THE "OLD RELIABLE" WATCHMAKER JEWELER, OPTICIAN.
and dealer in all grades of CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
NORTH SIDE OF THE PLAZA.
All goods warranted as represented—all work to give satisfaction, or money refunded.
All goods sold as low if not lower than can be bought elsewhere in Texas.

Isaac H. Julian,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
—AND—
GENERAL AGENT,
SAN MARCOS, - - TEXAS.
Letters rogatory accompanied by a stamp for reply, will receive prompt attention.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
All Persons desiring to Receive
ICE
will please call at our Feed Store and make arrangements by purchasing Tickets or otherwise. Tickets may also be purchased of our driver.

STEELE & CODE,
San Marcos Ice Factory.
pr1234f

OLD NEWSPAPERS, for wrapping paper, 25c p 100, at this office.

MOSQUITOES Agents Wanted to sell the magic Mosquito Cure, gives instant relief, and drives them away. Address: SALLADE & CO., 8 Canal St., New York.

BURNHAM'S IMPROVED STANDARD TURBINE is the BEST constructed and finished Turbine in the world. It gives better percentage with part or full gate, and is sold for less money per Horse Power than any other Turbine. Pamphlet Free by BURNHAM BROS., YORK, PA.